

**THE KHYBER PAKHTUNKHWA (APPOINTMENT, DEPUTATION,
POSTING AND TRANSFER OF TEACHERS, LECTURERS,
INSTRUCTORS AND DOCTORS) REGULATORY ACT, 2011.**

(KHYBER PAKHTUNKHWA ACT NO. XII OF 2011)

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(KHYBER PAKHTUNKHWA ACT NO. XII OF 2011)

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AN

ACT

to regulate by law appointments, postings and transfers of teachers serving in primary, middle, secondary and higher secondary schools, lecturers in colleges and instructors in technical institutions and doctors in health facilities.

Preamble.---WHEREAS it is expedient to regulate by law appointments, postings and transfers at local level, of teachers serving in primary, middle, secondary and higher secondary schools, lecturers in colleges and instructors in technical institutions and doctors in health facilities and to ensure the availability of teachers in schools, lecturers in colleges and instructors in technical institutions and the doctors in health facilities, and to regulate deputation of doctors abroad, and to provide for matters connected therewith or ancillary thereto;

It is hereby enacted as follows:

1. Short title, application and commencement.---(1) This Act may be called the Khyber Pakhtunkhwa (Appointment, Deputation, Posting and Transfer of Teachers, Lecturers, Instructors and Doctors) Regulatory Act, 2011.

(2) It shall apply to teachers serving in primary, middle, secondary and higher secondary schools, lecturers in colleges as well as commerce colleges and instructors serving in technical institutions and doctors serving in the health facilities in the Province of the Khyber Pakhtunkhwa.

(3) It shall come into force at once.

2. Definitions.---(1) In this Act, unless the context otherwise requires, the following expressions shall have the meanings hereby respectively assigned to them that is to say,-

(a) “Commission” means the Khyber Pakhtunkhwa Public Service Commission;

- (b) “doctor” means a doctor serving in the health facility;
- (c) “Government” means the Government of the Khyber Pakhtunkhwa;
- (d) “health facilities” mean all health facilities established and managed by the Government to provide medical facilities to general public;
- (e) “lecturer” and “instructor” respectively means a lecturer or an instructor serving in a Technical Institution as the case may be;
- (f) “prescribed” means prescribed by rules made under this Act;
- (g) “rules” mean the rules made under this Act;
- (h) “school” means school in the public sector including primary, middle, secondary school, higher secondary school or an institution of equivalent level imparting education through any system or medium of instruction in the public sector;
- (i) “teacher” means a teacher of primary, middle, secondary or higher secondary school; and
- (j) “technical institution” means and includes a Commerce College or Government College of Management Sciences or Technical Institute or Technical and Vocational Training Center or Skill Development Center in the public sector imparting technical education to students leading to the award of a degree or a diploma or a certificate.

(2) Words and phrases used in this Act, but not defined, shall have the same meanings as respectively assigned to them under the relevant federal law or provincial law or any other statutory order or rules for the time being in force.

3. Appointment, posting and transfer of primary school teachers.---(1) The vacancy of primary school teacher shall be filled in from the candidates belonging to the Union Council of their permanent residence mentioned in their Computerized National Identity Card and domicile, on merit and if no eligible candidate in that Union Council is available where the school is situate, such appointment shall be made on merit from amongst eligible candidates belonging to the adjacent Union Councils:

Provided that on availability of a vacancy, a primary school teacher, appointed from adjacent Union Council, as referred to in this sub-section, shall be transferred against a vacant post in a school of the Union Council of his residence within a period of fifteen days.

(2) Upon marriage, the primary school teacher on request may be transferred to the school in the Union Council, where his spouse, ordinarily resides, subject to the availability of vacancy.

(3) The primary school teacher shall be transferred to other school within the Union Council on completion of tenure as may be prescribed subject to the policy of rationalization for maintaining certain student teachers ratio, if any.

(4) Government shall, within a period not exceeding one year of the commencement of this Act, make arrangement for posting of all the primary school teachers appointed prior to coming into force of this Act, to the schools of their respective Union Councils or adjacent Union Councils, as the case may be.

4. Appointment of doctors, lecturers, instructors, subject specialists and teachers on adhoc basis.---(1) Government may, through the competent authorities make adhoc appointment on merit against the vacant posts of doctors, lecturers, instructors, subject specialists and teachers, falling within the purview of Commission, in a district concerned from the domicile holders of that district for a period of one year or till the arrival of recommendees of Commission, whichever is earlier after fulfilling the pre-requisites of giving wide publicity in the press. On assumption of charge of post by recommendee of the Commission, the services of such ad hoc appointee shall stand automatically terminated:

Provided that if no suitable and eligible candidate is available in the district concerned for appointment, then the candidates belonging to the neighbouring districts shall be considered for appointment in the order of their merit.

(2) Save as the appointment made under proviso of this section, “ad hoc appointee” shall serve in the district of his domicile.

(3) The post of a doctor, lecturer, instructor, subject specialist or secondary school teacher who proceeds on training or long leave may be treated as vacant post for the purpose of contract or contingent appointment till the return of such employee from training or long leave and assumption of charge of the post:

Provided that the period of such training or long leave shall not be less than one year and no appointment on contract or contingent shall be made on the post which may fall vacant for a period less than one year.

5. Initial posting.---(1) The doctors, the teachers and the lecturers and instructors upon their appointment shall be first posted in the periphery of the zone against whose quota they have been recruited, and they shall not be transferred for a period of at least three years.

(2) Upon expiry of the tenure as referred to in sub-section (1), transfer shall be made only upon the availability of substitute.

6. Deputation of Doctors.---(1) Government may allow deputation abroad for all categories of doctors only once in their entire service, for a period not exceeding three years.

(2) Deputation to “Foreign Service” within Pakistan shall be permissible only in respect of medical officers for a period not exceeding three years:

Provided that no further extension, on expiry of agreed tenure shall be given to the doctors who are already on deputation abroad or within Pakistan.

7. Postgraduate Medical Education.---(1) The Health Department, on the basis of objective need assessment and analysis, shall determine the intake number of Trainee Medical Officers (TMOs) in Postgraduate Medical Institute (PGMI) and Junior Registrars in Tertiary Care Hospitals every year. This stipulated number shall not exceed in any case.

(2) Any doctor selected or permitted for postgraduate medical training shall be treated on leave without pay and may be entitled only for stipend fixed by Government from time to time for such training.

(3) A doctor selected or permitted for postgraduate medical training shall provide surety bond prescribed by Government ensuring that upon completion of his studies for which he was initially selected, shall compulsorily serve for three years in the district of his domicile and in case of non-availability of a post in the district of domicile, he shall serve for three years in the rural area.

(4) For the purpose of sub-section (3), the doctor shall also provide guarantee of two government officers.

(5) In case of violation of sub-section (3), Government shall serve one month notice upon the doctor for resumption of duty, failing which the amount shall be recovered from him or from the guarantor, as the case may be.

8. Provisions relating to doctors apply to lecturers and instructors.---The provisions relating to doctors in section 7 of this Act shall *mutatis mutandis* apply to lecturers and instructors.

9. Act to over-ride other laws.---The provisions of this Act shall have effect notwithstanding anything contained in any other law for the time being in force.

10. Jurisdiction barred.---Save as provided under the Khyber Pakhtunkhwa Civil Servants Act, 1973 (Khyber Pakhtunkhwa Act No. XVIII of 1973), the Khyber Pakhtunkhwa Civil Servants (Appeal) Rules, 1986 and the Khyber Pakhtunkhwa Service Tribunal Act, 1974 (Khyber Pakhtunkhwa Act No. I of 1974), no order made or proceedings undertaken under this Act, or the rules made there under or any officer authorized by it shall be called into question in any Court, and no injunction shall be granted by any Court in respect of any decision made, or proceedings taken in pursuance or by any power conferred by or under this Act or the rules.

11. Removal of difficulties.---Government may, by order, provide for the removal of any difficulty which may arise in giving effect to the provisions of this Act.

12. Power to make rules.---Government may make rules for carrying out the purposes of this Act.